



he filed the objection or that he is aggrieved by the proposed agreement even if he were a class member.

- b. Morales identifies no reason the settlement is not fair and reasonable to the class. His vague objections instead appear to suggest that he believes the proposed agreement provides *too much* relief to the class.
- c. Morales and his counsel raise materially the same objections as other amici (and copy portions of those amici's arguments verbatim), including amici representing interests associated with commercial bail bond companies, who Mr. Morales' counsel also represents. Under these circumstances, and in the absence of any explanation of this from Morales or his counsel, the Court finds that the purported objection is not made in good faith.

- 5. Even if the Court were to consider Mr. Morales's objections as coming from a class member, the Court would have rejected the objection for all of the reasons this Court has previously explained in rejecting the similar arguments of the other amici.
- 6. Because the objections are stricken, Plaintiffs' request to depose Mr. Morales, or in the alternative to require him to testify live and under oath at the fairness hearing, is denied as moot.
- 7. As with other members of the public who wish to comment on the consent decree, Mr. Morales may speak on his own behalf at the fairness hearing, or through counsel.

Ordered this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2019.

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Hon. Lee H. Rosenthal District Judge